This research investigated how light level, color temperature and diffuseness influence consumer perception of products.

### Study 1

#### Between subjects
- **Light level** (brightness):
  - Low (300 lux) or high (1000 lux)

#### Color temperature:
- Warm (2700 K) or cool (4000 K)

#### Within subjects
- **Products**: Sneaker and toaster

#### Dependent variables
- **Perception on product value types** (Creusen & Schoormans 2005), 3 item scales:
  - Aesthetic value
  - Symbolic value
  - Perceived quality
  - Perceived ease of use
  - Functionality

#### Results
- **Ancova per product value type, covariate age**
  - Cool light improved perceived ease of use ($M_{diff} = 4.21, M_{cool} = 5.77, F(1, 67) = 8.50, p < .01$)
  - and perceived quality (toaster only): $M_{diff} = 4.42, M_{cool} = 4.05, F(1, 67) = 6.02, p < .05$)
  - **No main effect brightness**
  - **Interaction color temp x brightness**:
    - Dim cool light and bright warm light heighten perceived functionality

#### Conclusion

**Expectations for brightness**:
- Bright light heightens perception of ease of use and functionalities, as details are better visible.
- Dim light heightens perception of quality and aesthetic value, as it increases a prestige image and aesthetic value of a store environment (Baker et al. 1994; Freysselinard 2006).

**Out findings**:
- No main effect for brightness was found, but an interaction with color temperature for functional value.

**Expectations for color temperature**:
- Warm light heightens perceived quality and aesthetic and symbolic value as it is more pleasurable than cool light (Park & Farr 2007), gives a more high-end look and higher aesthetic impression for a supermarket (Quartier 2010)
- **Cool (blue-ish) light** heightens perceived ease of use and functionality, as a blue logo gives an impression of brand competence (Labrecque & Milne 2012)

**Our findings**:
- Cool light indeed increased perceived ease of use. No effects were found for aesthetic and symbolic value.

### Study 2

#### Between subjects
- **Light diffuseness**:
  - Diffuse light: softer shadows and highlights
  - Directed light: sharper shadows, strong highlights and contrasts

#### Within subjects
- **Products**: Two black and silver colored coffee makers (one with shiny materials and one with brushed/matte materials)

#### Dependent variables
- **Perception on product value types** (Creusen & Schoormans 2005), 3 item scales:
  - Aesthetic value
  - Symbolic value
  - Purchase intention (2 items)

#### Results
- **Anova per product value type**
  - **Diffused light leads to**:
    - **Higher aesthetic value**
      - $M_{diff} = 4.69, M_{cool} = 3.36, F(1, 58) = 14.33, p < .001$
      - Interaction with product: only sign for matte CM
    - **Higher symbolic value for matte CM only**
      - $M_{diff} = 4.56, M_{cool} = 4.05, F(1, 56) = 11.0, p < .001$
    - **Higher perceived quality**
      - $M_{diff} = 5.00, M_{cool} = 4.29, F(1, 58) = 12.37, p < .001$
      - Interaction with product: only sign for matte CM
    - **No effect on perceived ease of use and functional value**
    - **Higher purchase intention**
      - $M_{diff} = 7.03, F(1, 57) = 7.00, p < 0.05$
      - Interaction with product: only sign for matte CM
    - Effects were bigger for the matte coffee maker than the shiny one

#### Conclusion

**Expectations for diffuseness**:
- Directed light heightens perceived ease of use and functionality

**Our findings**:
- Diffused light heightens aesthetic and symbolic value and perceived quality
- Maybe less contrast (diffused) is more pleasing to the eye
- Aesthetic and symbolic value and quality impression are holistic impressions, and the main form might get lost due to emphasis on details in directed light (Frandsen 1987)

### General discussion

**Project aim**: provide recommendations about adapting lighting to the kind of product or product aspects that you want to emphasize, either for presenting products in store, in advertising and packaging, or in online product presentation.

**Lighting was shown to influence product perception on several value types.**
**Dim cool and diffused light** seems most beneficial.

**Future research**
- Different types of products (i.e., technical vs fashion products, impact of materials)
- More realistic context (now lab)

We are now replicating study 1 in an online environment (more realistic context and more subjects)